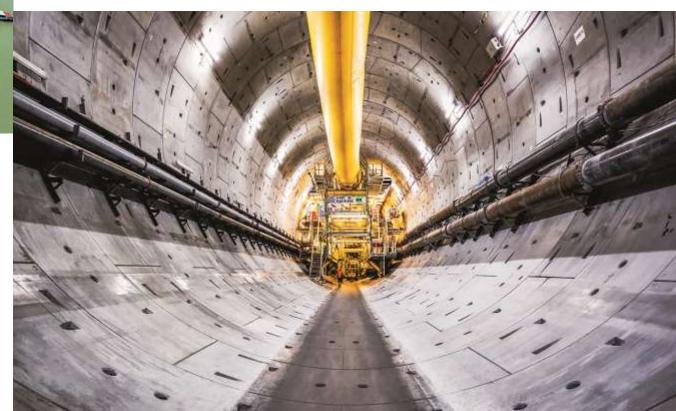




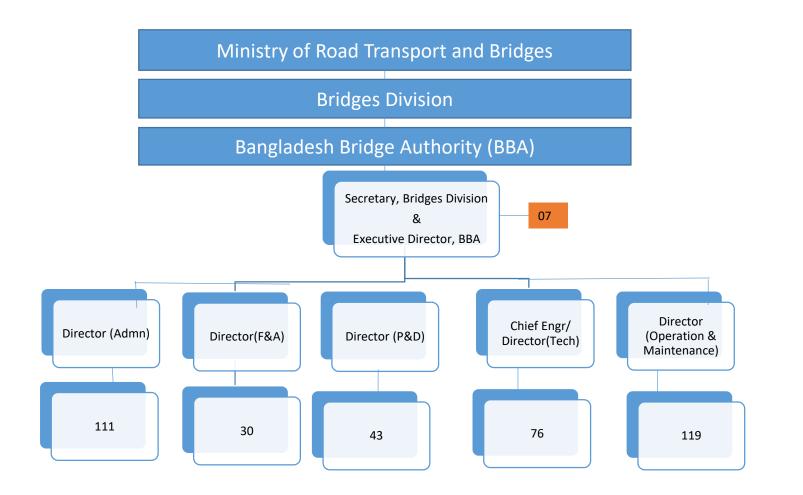
Bangladesh Bridge Authority Bridges Division Ministry of Road Transport and Bridges Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh

Upcoming Projects



Functions of Bangladesh Bridge Authority

- ▶ Bangladesh Bridge Authority (BBA) Establish in 1985
- All matters relating to Planning (including Feasibility Study), implementation, monitoring and evaluation having length of 1500m or over Bridges, Elevated Expressways, Tunnels and related causeway, flyover, ring road etc.
- Operation and maintenance of the multipurpose bridges and other infrastructures.
- Determine and collect tolls for various classes of traffic using the Multipurpose Bridges, Tunnels and other infrastructures.
- Total Manpower of BBA is 386 nos.
- Executive Director (ED) is the head of BBA. There are 5 section/Wing under the ED, i.e.; Technical, Administration, Planning & Development, Finance & Accounts and Operation & Maintenance.



Total Manpower: 386

Major Projects implemented by BBA

• Bangabandhu Bridge (Jamuna Multipurpose Bridge): 4.8 km long bridge constructed in 1998;

• Mukterpur (6th Bangaldesh-China Friendship) Bridge: 1.52 km long bridge constructed in 2008

Major Ongoing Projects

- Construction of Padma Multipurpose Bridge
- Dhaka Elevated Expressway PPP Project;
- Dhaka-Ashulia Elevated Expressway;
- Construction of Tunnel under the river Karnaphuli;
- Bus Rapid Transit (elevated portion)
- Feasibility Study for Construction of Subway in Dhaka city;
- Construction of Bridge on Kachua-Betagi-Patuakhali-Lohalia-Kalayia road over the river Paira
- Feasibility Study for construction of Three Bridges, inner elevated expressway and preparation of Master Plan for BBA



Up coming Projects



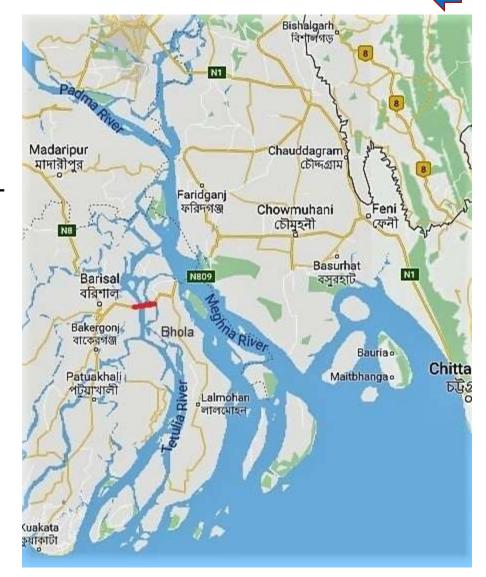




Project-1
Construction of Bhola Bridge on Bhola-Barisal Road over Tentulia &
Kalabador River

Project Background & Objectives

- The Bhola island with an area of 3400 sq.km. and population of over 20 lakhs situated on the eastern side of Barisal Division does not have any vehicular connectivity with main land Barisal.
- There is only one Ferry Crossing available on Highway N-809 (Barisal-Bhola-Lakshmipur Road). Almost all personnel and goods transportation to and from main land takes place by boats and launches.
- This has seriously affected the social and economic development of Bhola.
- In order to alleviate this problem Bangladesh Bridge conducted feasibility study for construction of a four lane bridge over the river Tentulia & Kalabador at suitable location to connect Bhola with main land.
- The preliminary Project Cost is BDT 12,712 cr. (USD 1513.00 million) for 11.52 km long 4-lane Crossing inclusive of Approach Road, 12 km Bank Protection Work and LAP/RAP expenditure.
- From Economic Analysis, it was estimated that base EIRR of the project is 22.54%.





Components of the Project

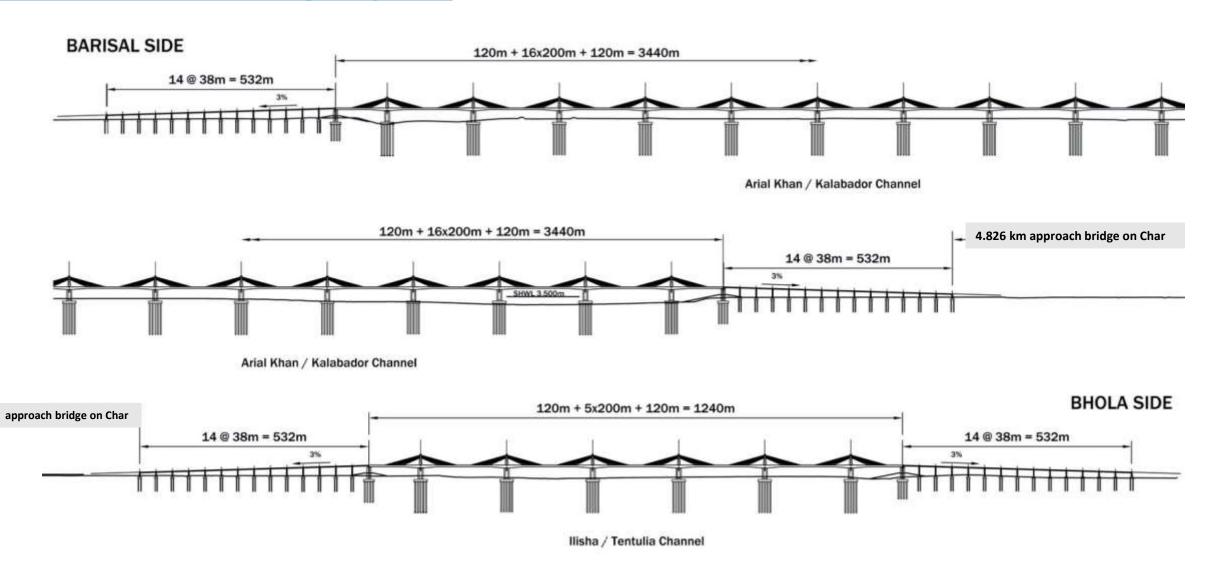


The foundation of the river will consists of 2.5m/3m diameter bored RCC piles of approximately 120 m length. Piles will be base grouted. At least 18.3 m navigational clearance will have to be provided under the main 2 bridges.

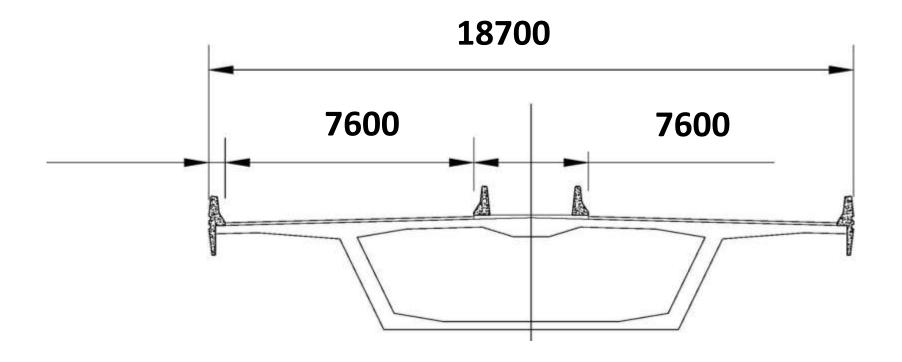
8 km long bank protection work has been proposed around Sripur Char. Although, 4 km long Bank Protection work has been proposed at both Laharhat (Barisal) and Veduria (Bhola) ends

Recommended Bridge Option

200m span EXTRADOSED Concrete Girder

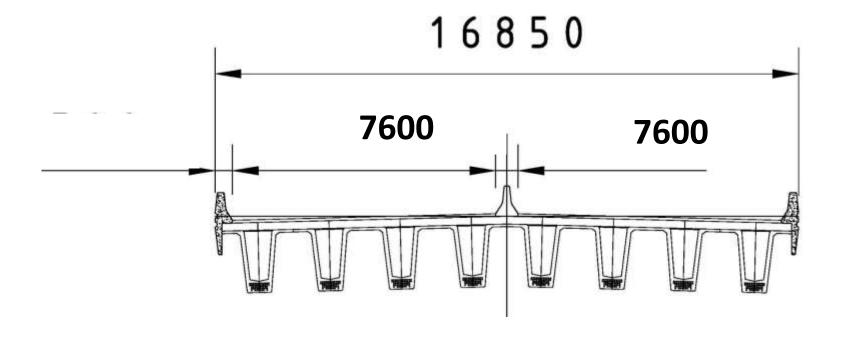


Recommended Bridge Option



Basic Cross Section of Extradosed Concrete Bridge Girder

Approach Bridge



Cross Section of 38m Span Approach Bridge with Precast Pre-tensioned U sections



Safeguards

ENVIRONMENTAL

- The Environment Impact Study and the associated Mitigation Plan has been carried out following the Legal Framework prescribed by GoB through relevant Acts and Rules.
- The project falls under 'RED' category. All requisite site clearance certificates (SCC) and environmental clearance certificates (ECC) from the DOE will be obtained prior to commencement of civil works on ground.
- It is generally felt that though there will be some adverse impact during construction stage, those can be minimized by following the Environmental Management Plan. No permanent adverse impact is anticipated.

Safeguards

SOCIAL (Land Acquisition & Resettlement)

- The Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) has been prepared in compliance with GoB rules and legal framework for land acquisition and compensation to affected people. Land Acquisition Plan (LAP) is a component of RAP.
- RAP aims to improve or restoration of social and livelihood resources of the affected persons due to implementation of the project.

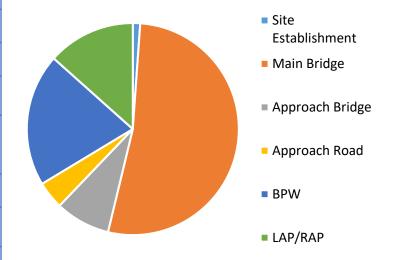
The key findings of the study:

Length of Bridge & Approaches	11.52km		
Total Land to be Acquired	495.56 Hectare		
Entities Affected	1063		
Households	1033		
CPRS	30		
Total Cost of LAP & RAP	USD 109 million		

PRELIMINARY PROJECT COST ESTIMATE

sl no. Itom		Description	Ougatitus	Unit Cook	Cost	Cost
sl no	l no ltem	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	(Cr BDT)	(In million USD)
1	Site Establishment General and Site Facilities		L.S	-	462.75	55.09
2	Main Bridge 200m Span Extradosed Bridge		4680 m		6435.37	766.12
3	Approach Bridge 38m span U-type precast girder & deck slab		4826 m		1675.62	199.48
4	Approach Road Four Lane Approach Road including all minor bridges, culverts & ramp char		5 kM		597.64	71.15
5	Toll Plaza				72.04	8.58
6	Bank Protection Wo	12 kM		1088.04	129.53	
Α	Sub-Total				10331.46	1229.94
В	B Provisional Sum for Physical Contigency = 3% of (A)				309.94	36.90
С	Sub-Total (A+B)				10641.40	1266.83
D	D Provisional Sum for Price Contingency = 6% of (C)				638.48	76.01
Е	Engineer's Estimate =			11279.89	1342.84	
F	Land Acquisition and			916.00	109.05	
G	Design Cost = 3% of (309.94	36.90	
Н	Construction Supervi			206.63	24.60	
I	Estimated Project Co			12712.00	1513.00	

BHOLA Bridge - Cost Breakup



Findings of Economic Analysis

The economic evaluation has been carried out within the broad framework of social cost-benefit analysis assuming a project life of 34 years since age of bridge with proper maintenance is likely to be considered more than 80 years.

Indicators	Base Case	15% Cost Rise	15% Benefit Decrease	15% cost Rise and 15% Benefits Decrease
EIRR (%)	22.54	20.57	20.26	18.45
NPV (Cr BDT)	14,371	12,898	10,742	9,269
BCR	3.15	2.74	2.68	2.33

Financial Analysis

Project IRR is -8.9%. The project NPV is BDT -6977.4 Cr. discounting at the rate 3.0% (WACC-Nominal) per year. The repayment capability of the project found low since the toll rate and AADT is very low including the high-level of capital expenditure and O&M cost including major maintenance.



Project-2
Construction of Dhaka East West Elevated Expressway



Project Objectives

Overview

To allow traffic to travel around the western perimeter of Dhaka between Highway N5 (the Dhaka Aricha Highway) and Highway N1 (the Dhaka Chittagong Highway) with connections to Highway N8 (Dhaka Mawa Highway which links directly to the Padma Bridge) and to Narayanganj via Road R111 (Dhaka Narayanganj Road).

Purpose

- making connections between these major highways and thus the north, south and west of the country
- the expressway will have some effect on removing through traffic from Dhaka and thereby reducing traffic congestion in the capital.
- To address congestion in and through Dhaka, serving as the middle ring road,
 Proposed in the Revised strategic transport plan.
- Easier traffic movement from Chattogram, Sylhet & other eastern part and from south western region to the north-western districts without entering Dhaka city;
- To facilitate as Dhaka city bypass road

Project Context



RSTP RING ROAD & EWEE ALIGNMENT

INNER RING ROAD

MIDDLE RING ROAD

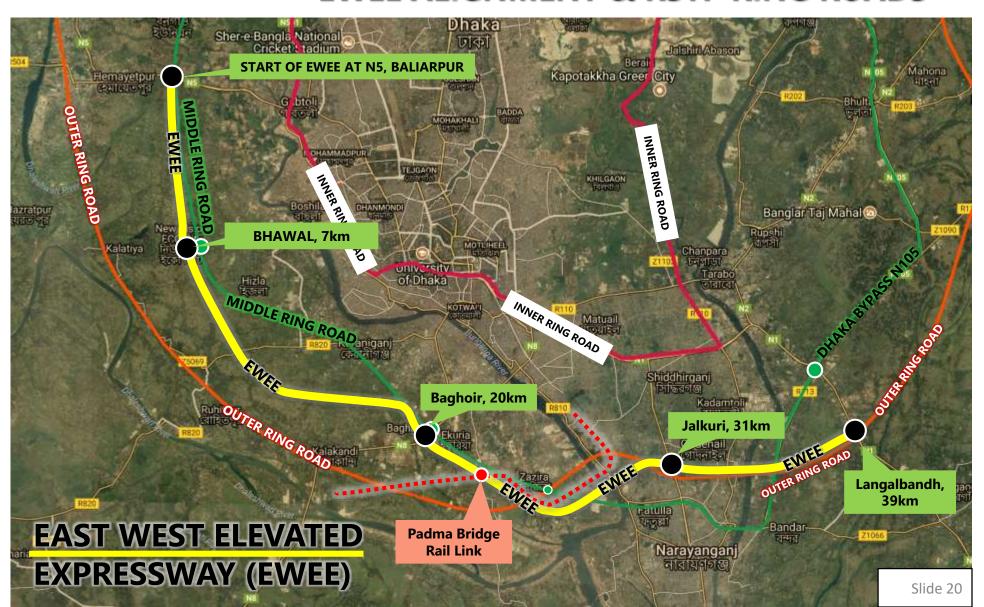
OUTER RING ROAD

EAST WEST ELEVATED

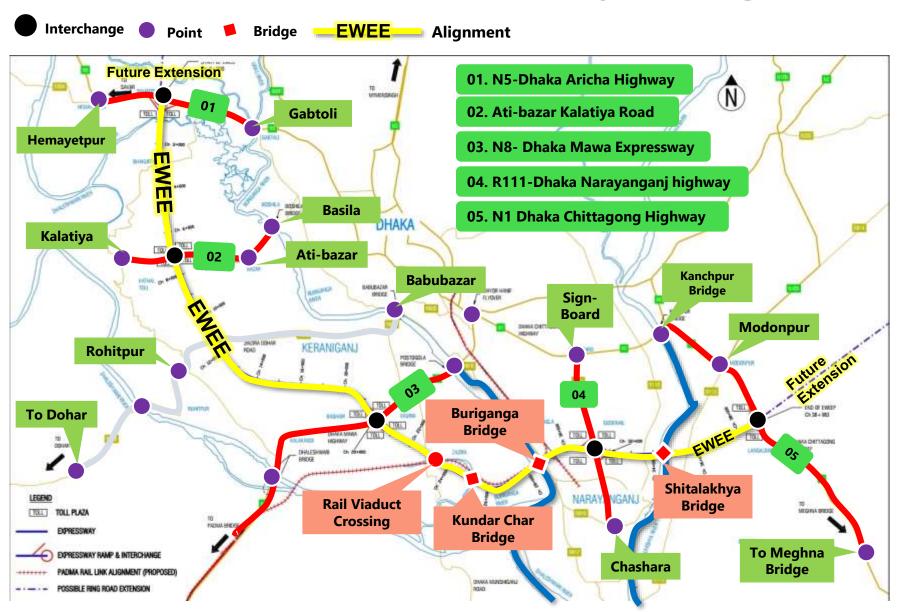
EXPRESSWAY

Project Context

EWEE ALIGNMENT & RSTP RING ROADS



Project Alignment



Project Alignment

Salient Feature of East West Elevated Expressway

Baliarpur (N5 on Dhaka – Aricha Highway) – Bhakurta-Bhawal-Baghair-Kundar char- Jalkuri-Goadnail-Lakshman- Langalband (on Dhaka – Chittagong Highway N1).

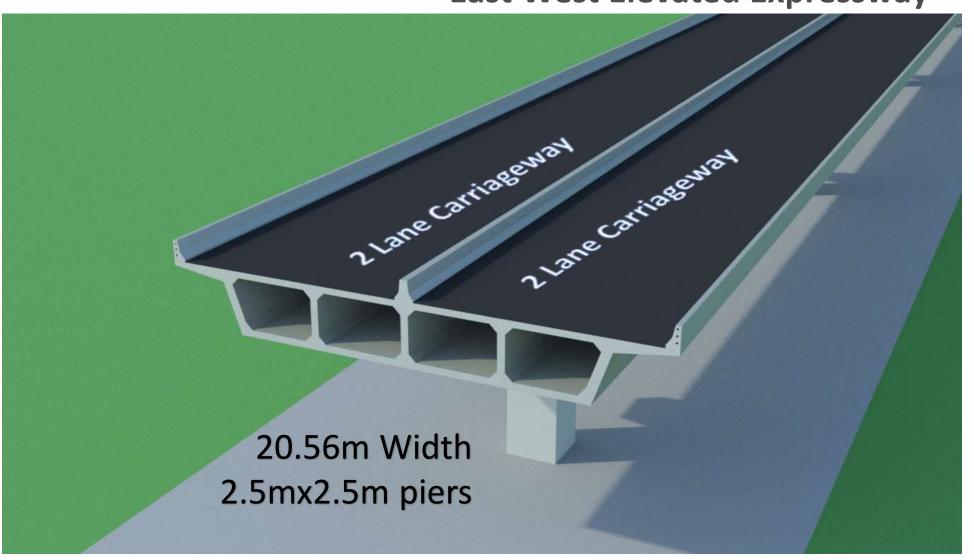
Total Length km	Connecting NH	Crossing major river	Touching Upazila	Touching mouzas	Reqd. Land Acquisition Hac	Time for implementation
39.20	N5,N8 & N1	3(Kundarchar, Buriganga & Shitalakhya)	Savar, Keraniganj, Fatullah, Siddhirganj and Bandar	48	137.95	5 Years
Total Cost			Cost BDT in crore		Cost Million USD	
Estimated in August 2017			16,388.50		2048.56	

Components of the Project

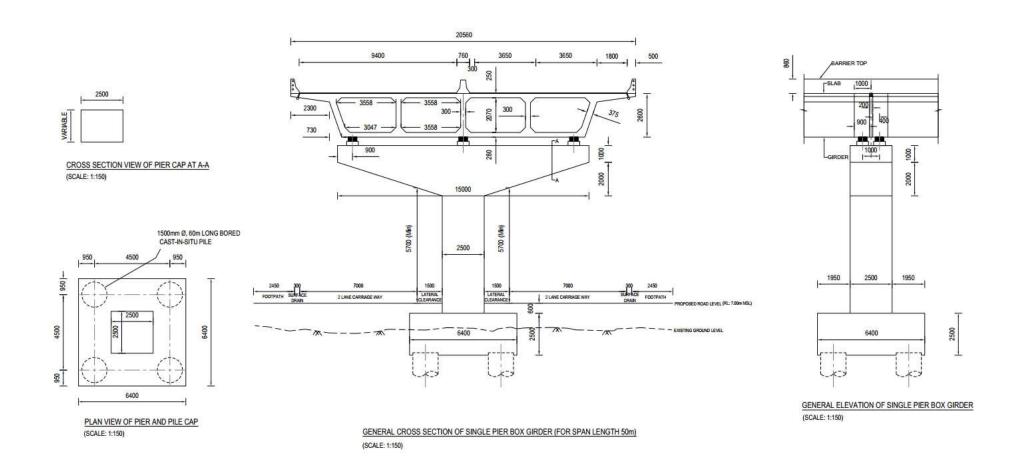
Elevated Expressway	39.24km
Ramps	22.68 km
Elevated Roundabout/ Interchange (4 nos.)	2.30 km
Toll Plaza	16 nos.

Typical Section

East West Elevated Expressway



Project Component50m Span Box Girder section

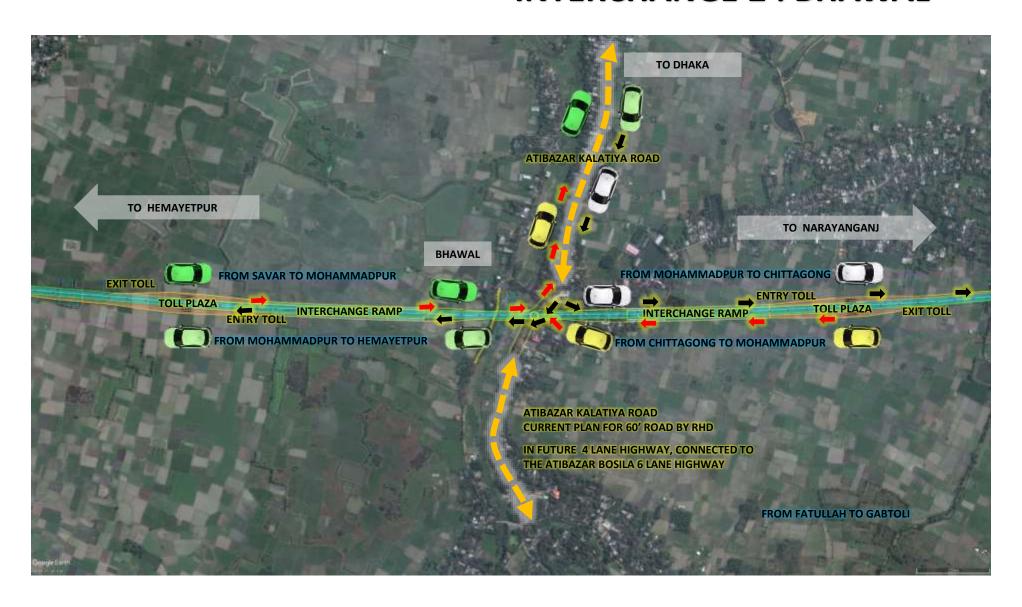


Interchange Traffic Operation

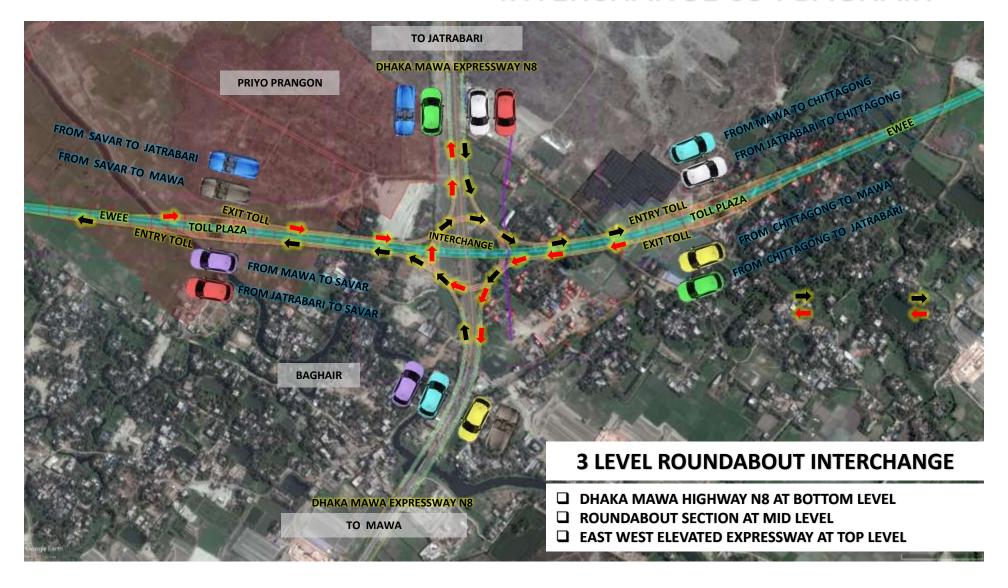
INTERCHANGE 01: BALIARPUR



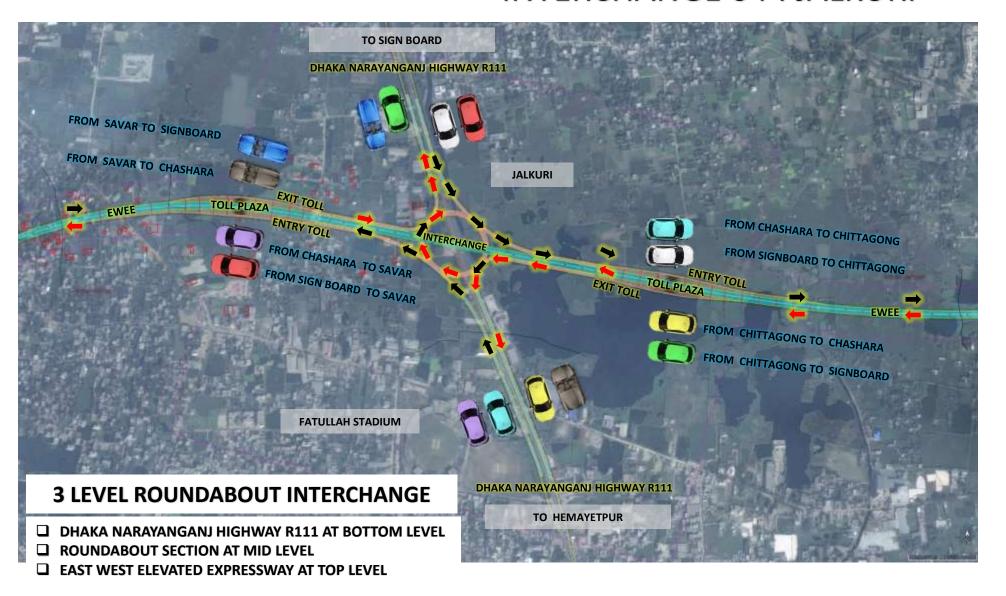
INTERCHANGE 2: BHAWAL



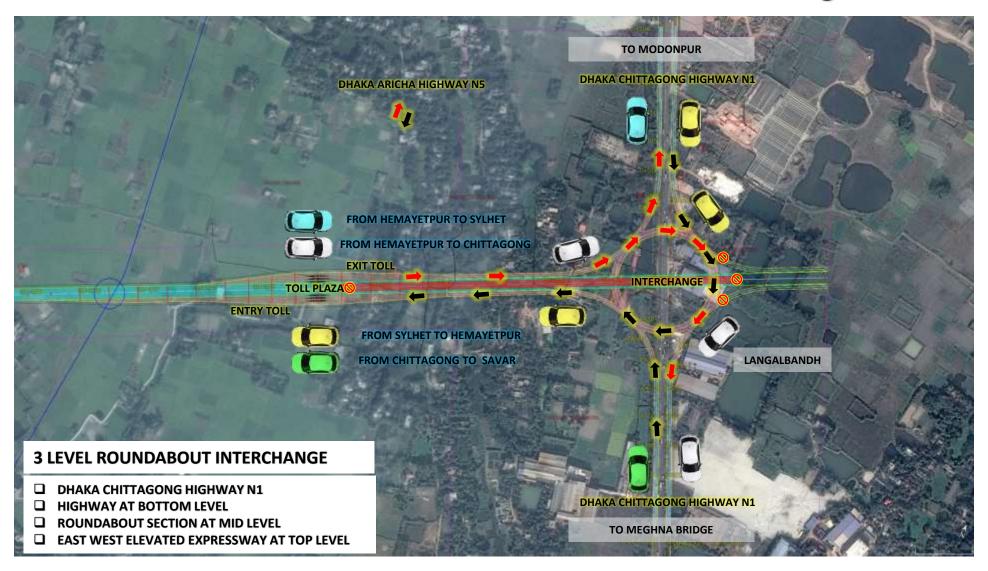
INTERCHANGE 03: BAGHAIR



INTERCHANGE 04: JALKURI



INTERCHANGE 05: Langalband

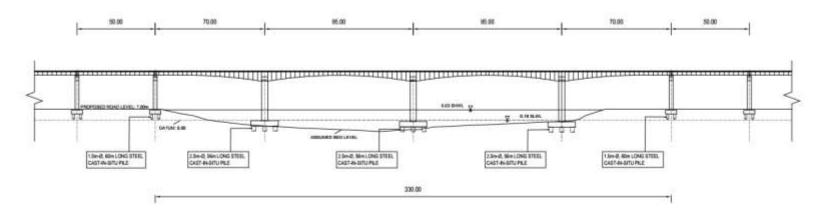


Major Bridges along the alignment

Project Component 95m Span Box Girder Bridge

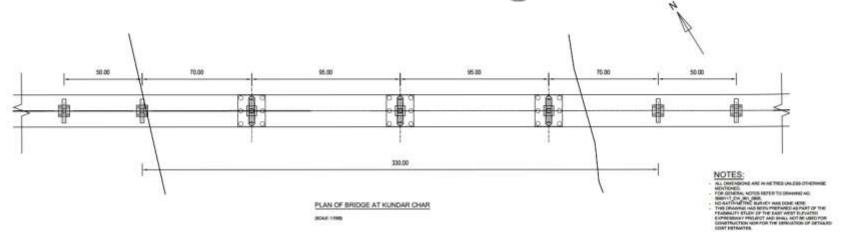


Project Component 95m Span Box Girder Bridge

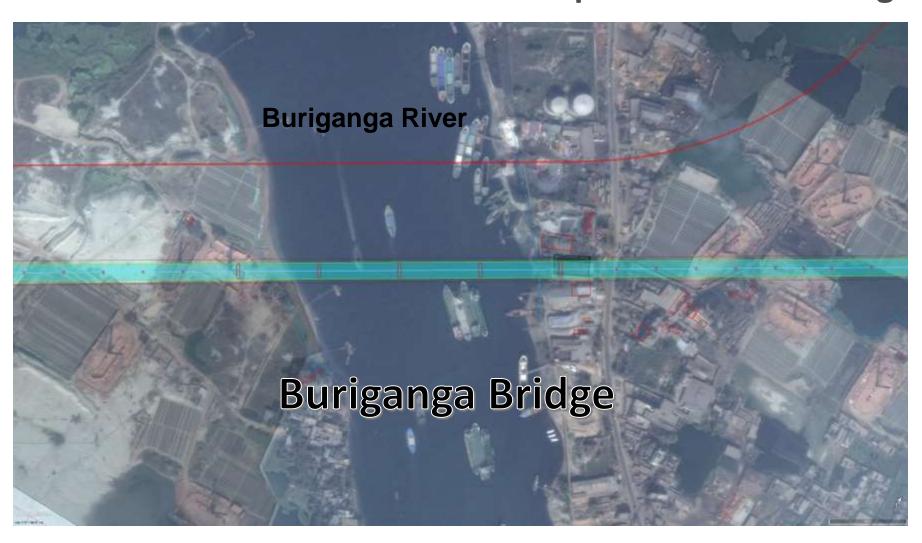


LONGITUDINAL SECTION OF BRIDGE AT KUNDAR CHAR

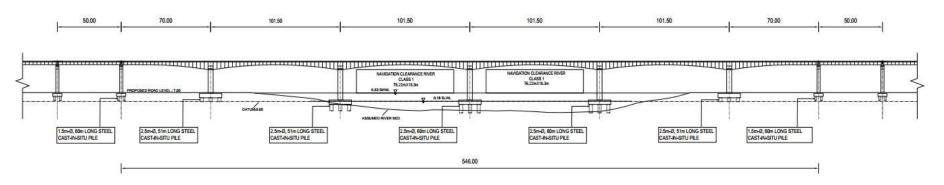
Kundar Char Bridge



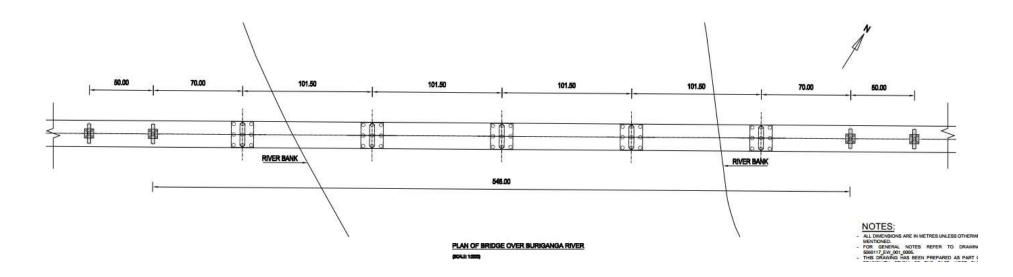
Project Component 101.5m Span Box Girder Bridge



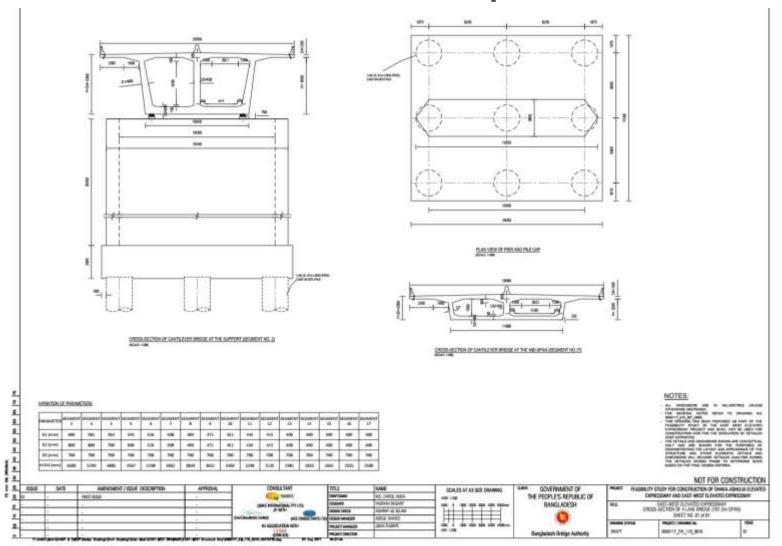
Project Component 101.5m Span Box Girder Bridge



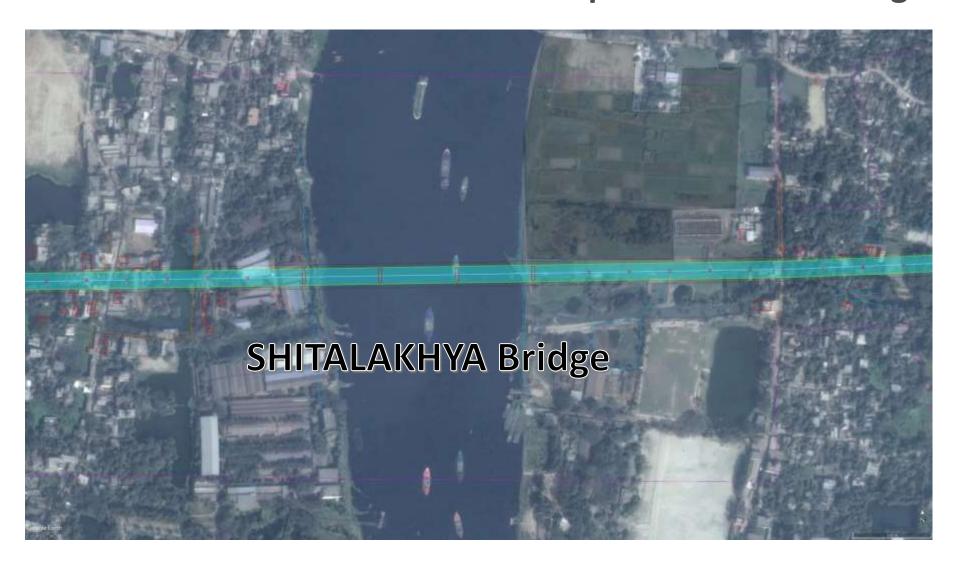
LONGITUDINAL SECTION OF BRIDGE OVER BURIGANGA RIVER



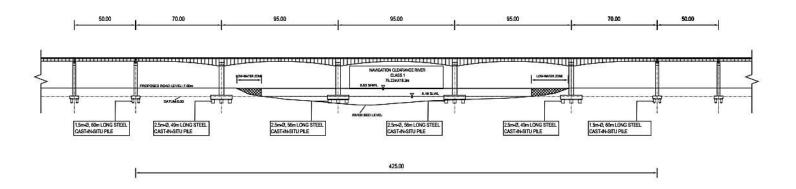
Project Component 101.5m Span Box Girder Bridge



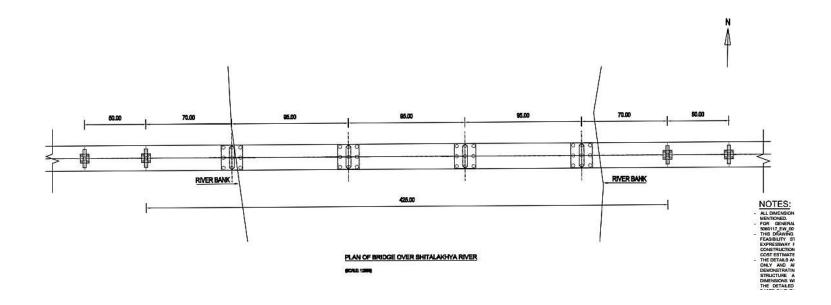
Project Component 95m Span Box Girder Bridge



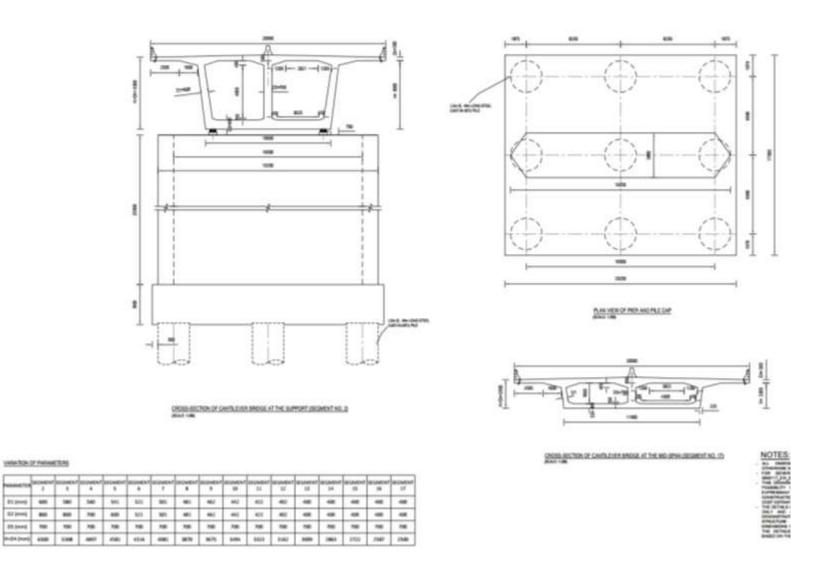
Project Component 95m Span Box Girder Bridge



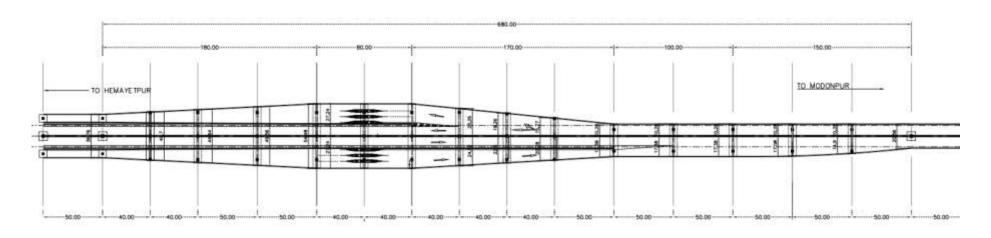
LONGITUDINAL SECTION OF BRIDGE OVER SHITALAKHYA RIVER



Project Component 95m Span Box Girder Bridge

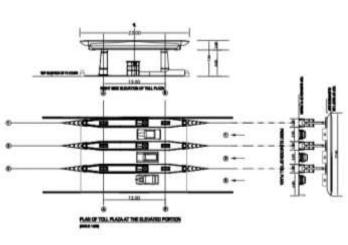


Tolling System



LAYOUT PLAN OF 3 LANE TOLL PLAZA ON BOTH SIDES OF ELEVATED EXPRESSWAY





Safeguards Social

• As the elevated expressway is to be constructed on a new route, the project will require acquisition of 340.7349 acres (137.949 ha) of land and will affect 798 households (2,322 people). A census survey was conducted on 5 February 2017. Inventory of losses surveys were conducted in February and March 2017. Community consultations and focus group discussion were held in March 2017. Based on the foregoing, a resettlement action plan has been prepared and the cost of the land acquisition and resettlement has been estimated as BDT30 billion (USD394.95 million).

Socio-Economic and Financial Analysis

Economic Analysis

Economic Viability Indicators for EWEEP(discount factor 12%)

Project	NPV (USD million)	Economic Internal Rate of Return(EIRR)	B:C Ratio
East West Elevated Expressway Project (EWEEP)	118.7	13.3%	1.17
		FIRR-7.21%	

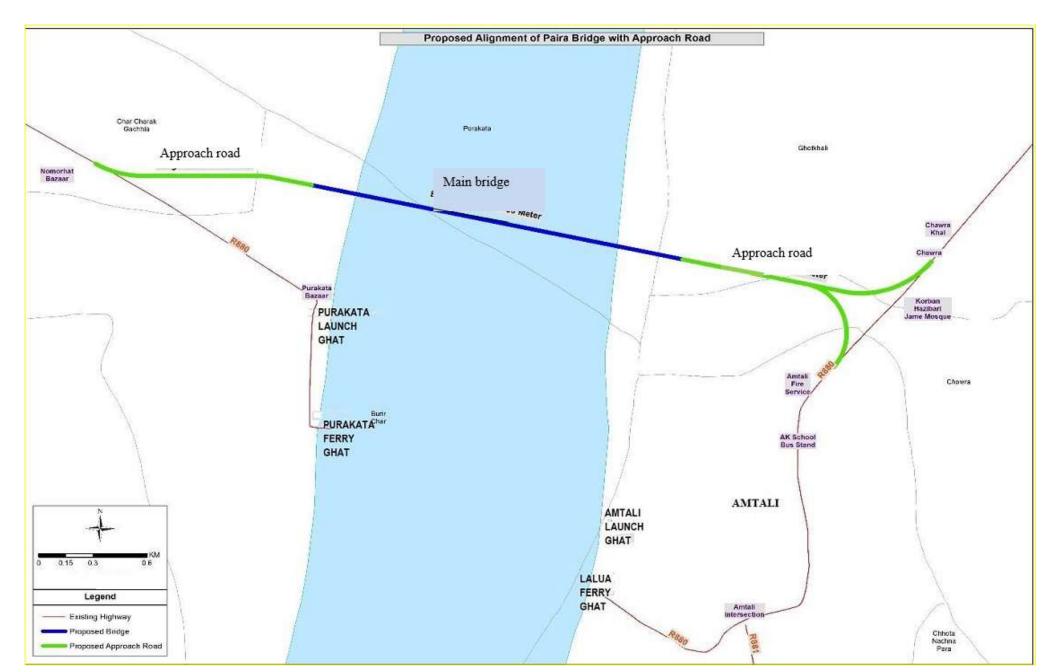
Other upcoming Projects

Construction of Bridge on Patuakhali-Amtali-Barguna road (R 880) over Paira river.

- Length: 2.48 km
- Estimated cost: BDT 34077.40 million (USD 401.85 million)
- Objectives: To establish direct road connectivity of Barguna district with Barishal, Patuakhali and capital Dhaka city
- Components of the Project

Bridge	2.48 km
Approach Road	2.5 km
Bank Protection work	4 km
Land acquisition	127.79 acre

Location map



Construction of Bridge on Barguna-Kakchira road (R 880) over Bishkhali river

- Length: 2.50 km
- Estimated cost: 54533.10 million (USD 643.07 million)
- Objectives: To establish direct road connectivity of Barguna district with Barishal, Patuakhali and capital Dhaka city
- Components of the Project

Bridge	2.50 km
Approach Road	16 km
Bank Protection work	4.6 km
Land acquisition	370.26 acre

Location map











Thank you







